

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

I declare this is my own work.

INTERNATIONAL A-LEVEL GEOGRAPHY

Paper 4 Human Geography 2

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a calculator, which you are expected to use where appropriate.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- All working must be shown.
- If you need extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may use a bilingual dictionary for this exam.
- You may **not** use an English dictionary.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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6	
7	
8	
TOTAL	



Section A – Changing Places





Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.


You must answer **all** questions in **Section A**.


Only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD 

WRONG METHODS    

If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown. 

If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown. 

0 1 . 1

A place that is seen as being physically close and is often viewed as being similar in culture is known as:

[1 mark]

- A** a media place.
- B** a near place.
- C** an experienced place.
- D** a sense of place.

0 1 . 2

Which of the following would **all** be considered quantitative sources of data about a place?

[1 mark]

- A** A diary entry; a series of paintings; life expectancy
- B** Average age of residents; carbon emissions; poems about someone's childhood
- C** Average house price; birth rate; household income
- D** A newspaper article; crime statistics; songs about the area



0 1 . 3

Which of the following is associated with a person feeling like an outsider in a place?

[1 mark]

- A Someone who feels homesick and alienated from society.
- B Someone who feels safe, secure and 'at home' in a place.
- C Someone who feels they understand the social norms of society and who feels included.
- D Someone who feels welcome in a new place despite having a different cultural background.

0 1 . 4

'A place has seen a significant change in recent years. This has resulted in several international food stores opening in the area.' This is an example of which of the following?

[1 mark]

- A Cultural change
- B Demographic change
- C Economic decline
- D Social inequality

0 1 . 5

Which of the following are all considered endogenous factors associated with a place?

[1 mark]

- A A coastal location; investment from a foreign company; tourists
- B A motorway; land use; national investment
- C A mountain; international investment; migrants seeking employment
- D A river; height above sea level; topography

5

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



Figure 1a, Figure 1b and **Figure 1c** show representations of Hawaii, a state of the USA.

Figure 1a shows newspaper headlines from 2019.

Figure 1a

More homeless in Hawaii than the rest of the USA

New report out shows 46 in every 10,000 Hawaii residents are homeless.

Hawaii is happy!

A report ranking happiness, looking at emotional and physical wellbeing, work environment and community environment shows Hawaii as the happiest state in the USA.

Sitting comfortably in your car?

Residents in Oahu, Hawaii, spend on average 64 hours – or more than two and a half days – in traffic congestion each year.

Hawaii – the highest cost of living in the USA!

A recent survey ranking the 50 US states places Hawaii at the top of the table, with the highest cost of living.

Figure 1b shows photographs from a tourist information website.

Figure 1b



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6



Section B – People and Contemporary Urban Environments

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

You must answer **all** questions in **Section B**.

Only **one** answer per question is allowed.

For each question completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.

CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown.



If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown.



0 5 . 1 Which of the following would **both** describe the characteristics of a mega city? **[1 mark]**

- A** A city with global political and financial influence **and** which has a population of over 1 million people.
- B** An urban area with a population of over 10 million people **and** which dominates its regional economy.
- C** An urban area with a population of over 5 million people **and** which attracts large numbers of rural–urban migrants.
- D** A wealthy city with very few people living in poverty **and** which has a population of over 10 million people.

0 5 . 2 Population movement from rural or suburban areas back to the city centre is known as: **[1 mark]**

- A** counter-urbanisation.
- B** deindustrialisation.
- C** urbanisation.
- D** urban resurgence.

Turn over ►



0 5 . 3

Which of the following would **both** be typical features of a gentrified area?

[1 mark]

- A Movement of retired people into the area **and** decrease in crime rates.
- B Movement of retired people into the area **and** increase in employment opportunities.
- C Movement of young, affluent people into the area **and** decrease in environmental quality.
- D Movement of young, affluent people into the area **and** increase in property value.

0 5 . 4

Which of the following describes the effect that urban structures have on wind?

[1 mark]

- A Average wind speed is usually higher in cities due to friction caused by tall buildings.
- B On calm, clear nights, wind often blows from built-up urban areas to rural areas.
- C Tall buildings cause turbulence around buildings as well as powerful gusts at ground level.
- D The varied height of buildings results in wind blowing above and no wind on the ground.

0 5 . 5

Which of the following is the definition for submergence, a method of urban waste disposal?

[1 mark]

- A Burning rubbish in order to reduce the volume of waste in urban areas.
- B Dumping waste, sometimes in containers, into oceans.
- C Placing waste into man-made pits that are lined to reduce contamination of groundwater.
- D The placement of waste into lined containers that are then filled with water.

5



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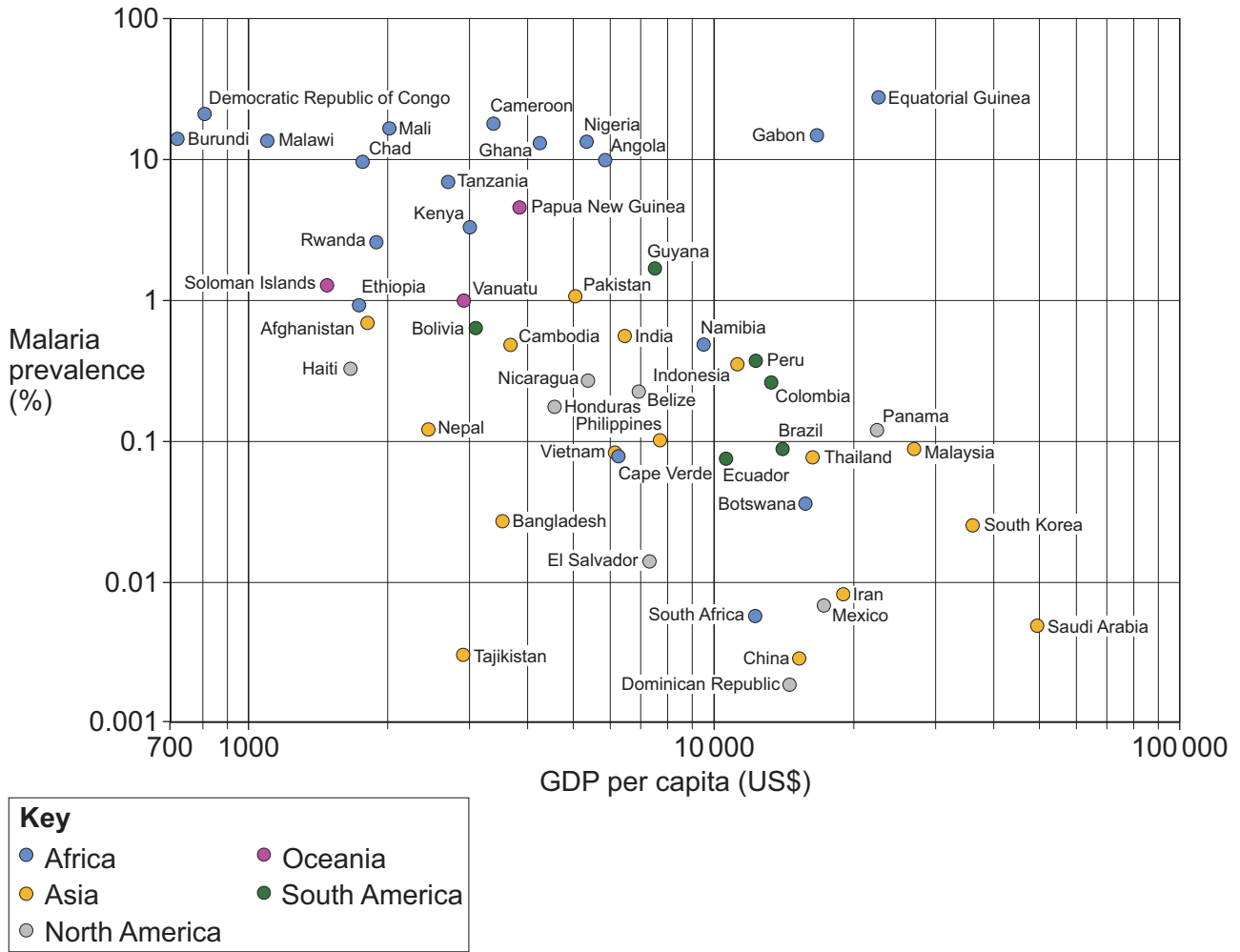


Malaria prevalence is the percentage of a population with malaria at any given time.

GDP is the total value of goods and services produced by a country in a year; an indicator of wealth.

Figure 2 shows the relationship between GDP per capita and malaria prevalence in selected countries in 2017.

Figure 2



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